



ANT-W63WS2-CCC

Hinged Blade WiFi 6/6E Antenna

The Linx ANT-W63WS2 is a dipole, blade-style antenna for WiFi 6/WiFi 6E applications in the 2.4 GHz, 5 GHz and 6 GHz bands. The hinged design allows for the antenna to be positioned for optimum performance and reduces the potential for damage from impact compared to a fixed whip design. The antenna is available with an SMA plug (male pin) or RP-SMA plug (female socket) connector.

FEATURES

- Performance at 2.4 GHz to 2.5 GHz
 - VSWR: ≤ 1.5
 - Peak Gain: 2.1 dBi
 - Efficiency: 83%
- Performance at 5.150 GHz to 7.125 GHz
 - VSWR: ≤ 1.5
 - Peak Gain: 4.8 dBi
 - Efficiency: 86%
- Rugged ABS construction
- Hinged design with detents for straight, 45 degree and 90 degree positioning
- SMA plug (male pin) or RP-SMA plug (female socket) connector

APPLICATIONS

- WiFi/WLAN coverage
 - WiFi 6E (802.11ax)
 - WiFi 6 (802.11ax)
 - WiFi 5 (802.11ac)
 - WiFi 4 (802.11n)
 - 802.11b/g
- 2.4 GHz ISM applications
 - Bluetooth®
 - ZigBee®
- U-NII bands 1-8
- Internet of Things (IoT) devices
- Smart Home networking
- Sensing and remote monitoring

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Description
ANT-W63WS2-RPS	WiFi 6/WiFi 6E blade-style antenna with RP-SMA plug (female socket) connector
ANT-W63WS2-SMA	WiFi 6/WiFi 6E blade-style antenna with SMA plug (male pin) connector

Available from Linx Technologies and select distributors and representatives.

TABLE 1. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

ANT-W63WS2	ISM/WiFi	WiFi/U-NII 1-3	WiFi 6E
Frequency Range	2400 MHz to 2485 MHz	5150 MHz to 5850 MHz	5925 MHz to 7125 MHz
VSWR (max.)	1.5	1.5	1.5
Peak Gain (dBi)	2.1	4.7	4.8
Average Gain (dBi)	-0.8	-0.6	-1.0
Efficiency (%)	83	89	84
Impedance	50 Ω		
Wavelength	1/2-wave		
Electrical Type	Dipole		
Polarization	Linear		
Radiation	Omnidirectional		
Max Power	30 W		

Electrical specifications and plots measured with the antenna in a straight orientation.

TABLE 2. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Value
Connection	SMA plug (male pin) or RP-SMA plug (female socket)
Operating Temperature Range	-30 °C to +70 °C
Antenna Color	Black
Weight	13.0 g (0.46 oz)
Dimensions	Length: 133.5 mm x 20.1 mm x 10.0 mm (5.30 in x 0.79 in x 0.39 in)

PRODUCT DIMENSIONS

Figure 1 provides dimensions of the ANT-W63WS2. The antenna whip can be tilted 90 degrees, and has a detent at 45 degrees enabling the antenna to be oriented in any direction. The rotating base allows for continuous positioning through 360 degrees even while installed.

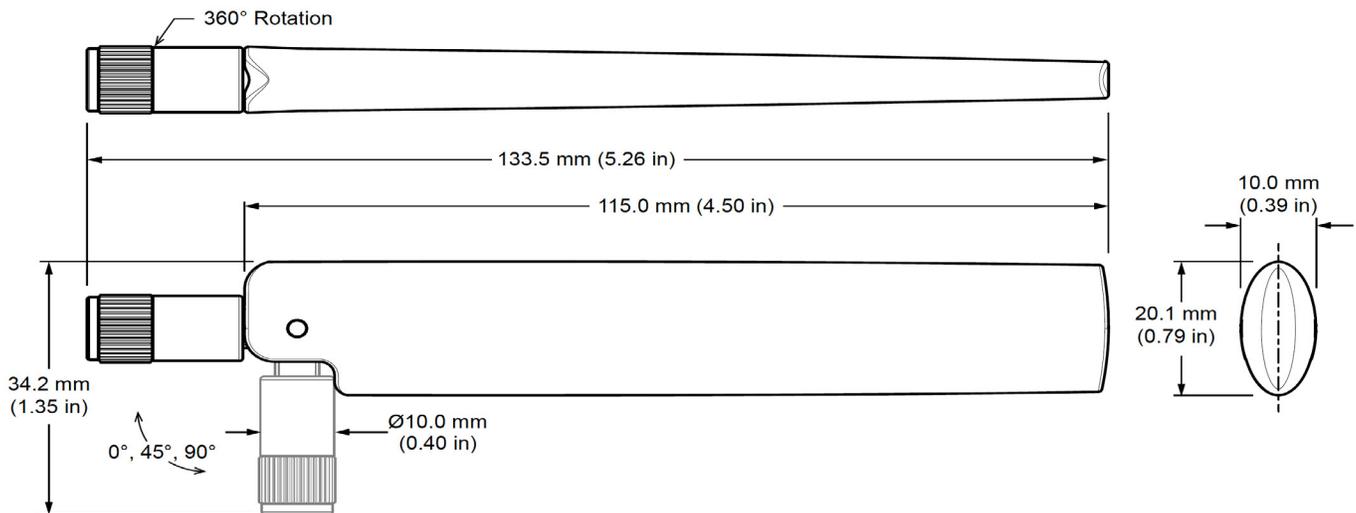


Figure 1. ANT-W63WS2-ccc Antenna Dimensions

PACKAGING INFORMATION

The ANT-W63WS2 antennas are individually sealed in a clear plastic bag 160 mm x 110 mm. 1000 bags per carton, 400 mm x 300 mm x 200 mm (15.7 in x 11.8 in x 7.87 in). Distribution channels may offer alternative packaging options.

ANTENNA ORIENTATION

The ANT-W63WS2 antenna is characterized in two antenna orientations as shown in Figure 2. The antenna straight orientation characterizes use of an antenna attached to an enclosure-mounted connector which is connected by cable to a printed circuit board. Although the antenna is a dipole not requiring a ground plane for function, characterization with an adjacent ground plane (102 mm x 102 mm) provides insight into antenna performance when attached directly to a printed circuit board mounted connector. The two orientations represent the most common end-product use cases.

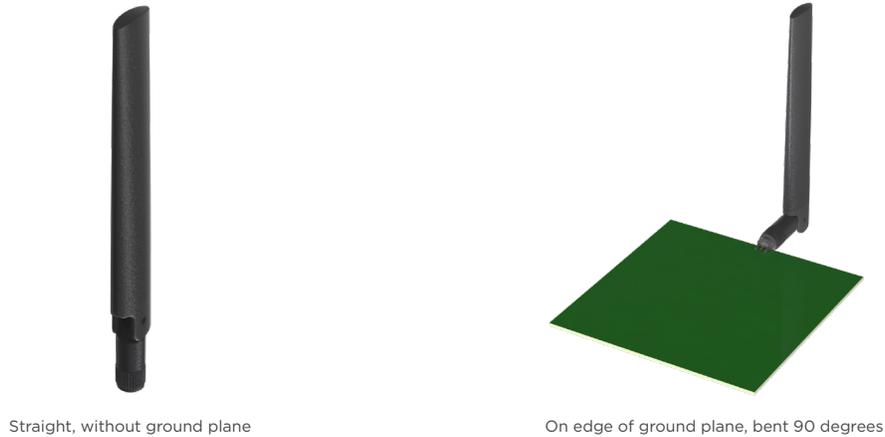


Figure 2. ANT-W63WS2-ccc on evaluation PCB

STRAIGHT, NO GROUND PLANE

The charts on the following pages represent data taken with the antenna oriented straight, as shown in Figure 3.



Figure 3. ANT-W63WS2-ccc Straight, No Ground Plane (Straight)

VSWR

Figure 4 provides the voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR) across the antenna bandwidth. VSWR describes the power reflected from the antenna back to the radio. A lower VSWR value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency. Reflected power is also shown on the right-side vertical axis as a gauge of the percentage of transmitter power reflected back from the antenna.

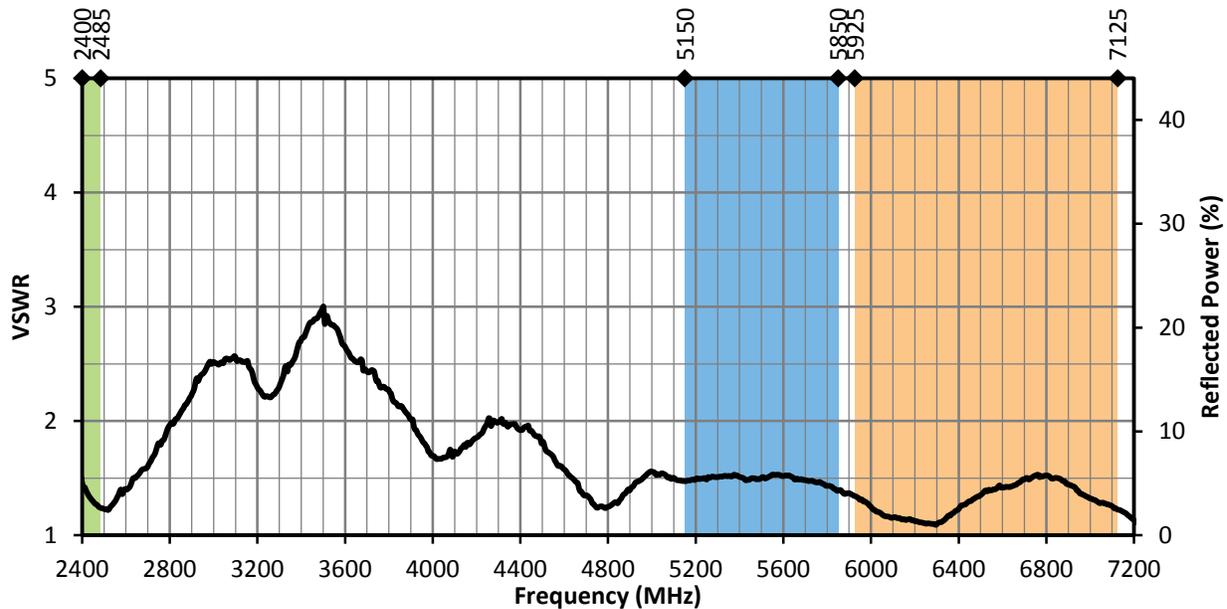


Figure 4. ANT-W63WS2-ccc VSWR, Straight

RETURN LOSS

Return loss (Figure 5), represents the loss in power at the antenna due to reflected signals. Like VSWR, a lower return loss value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency.

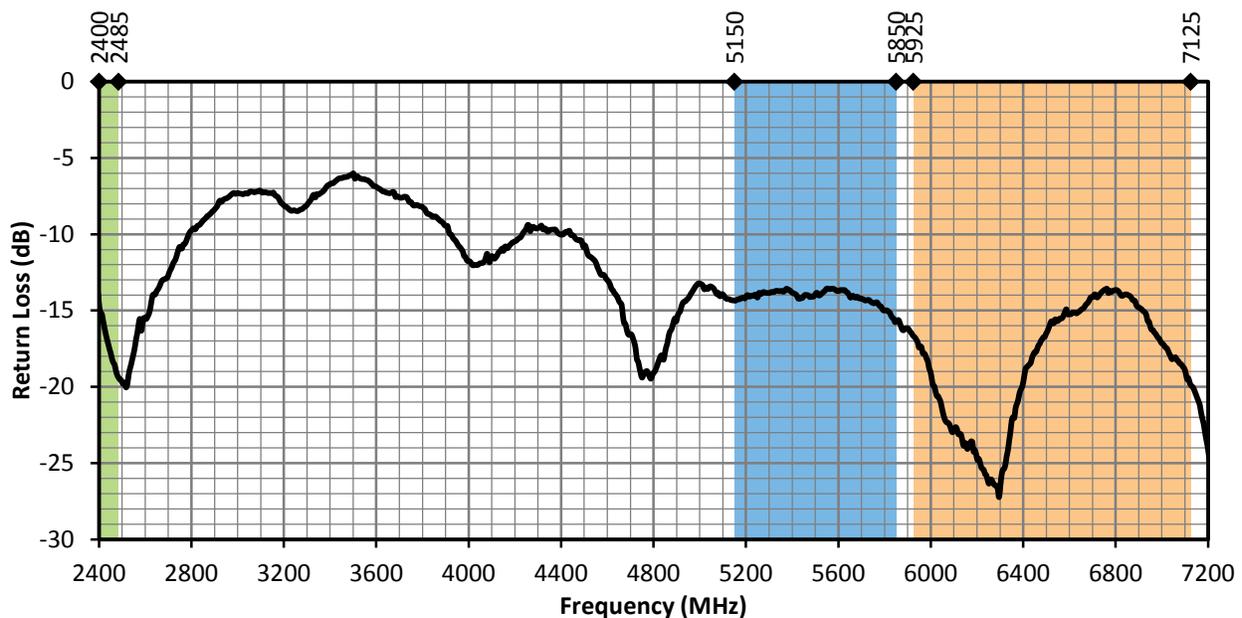


Figure 5. ANT-W63WS2-ccc Return Loss, Straight

PEAK GAIN

The peak gain across the antenna bandwidth is shown in Figure 6. Peak gain represents the maximum antenna input power concentration across 3-dimensional space, and therefore peak performance at a given frequency, but does not consider any directionality in the gain pattern.

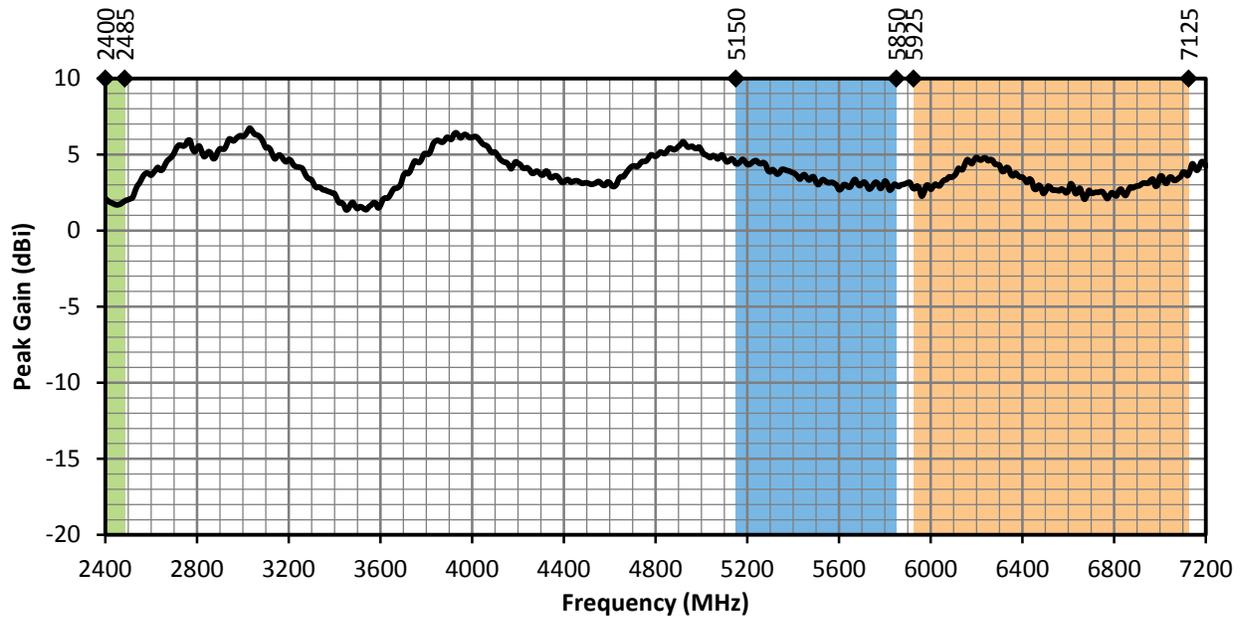


Figure 6 ANT-W63WS2-ccc Peak Gain, Straight

AVERAGE GAIN

Average gain (Figure 7), is the average of all antenna gain in 3-dimensional space at each frequency, providing an indication of overall performance without expressing antenna directionality.

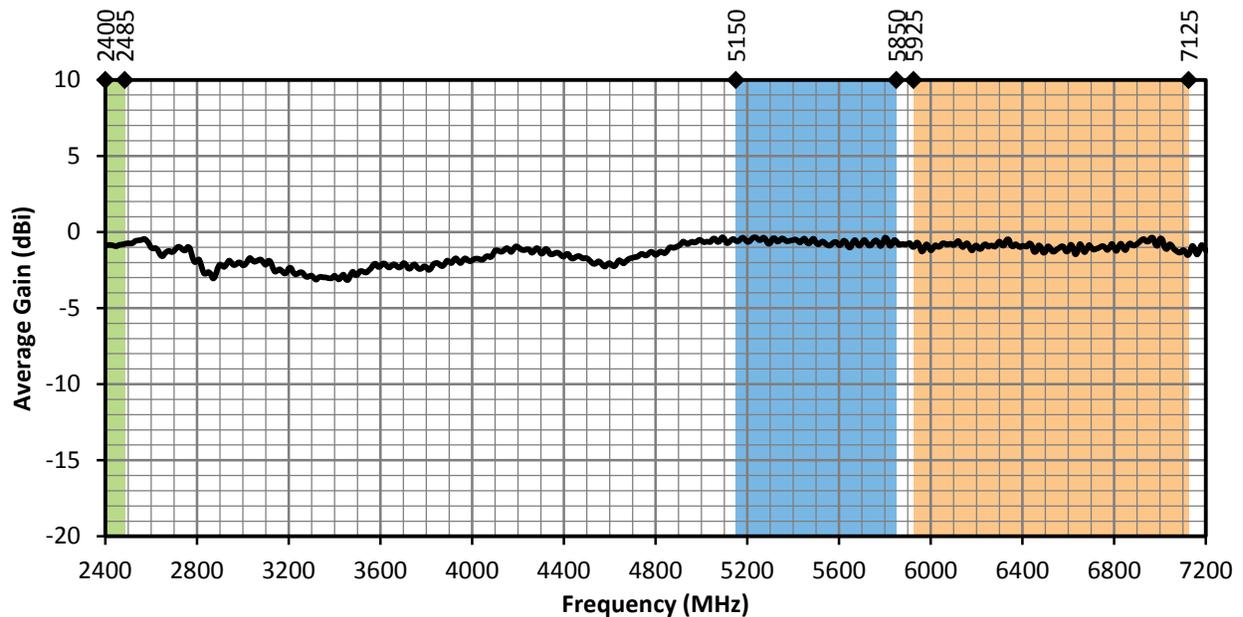


Figure 7. ANT-W63WS2-ccc Antenna Average Gain, Straight

RADIATION EFFICIENCY

Radiation efficiency (Figure 8), shows the ratio of power delivered to the antenna relative to the power radiated at the antenna, expressed as a percentage, where a higher percentage indicates better performance at a given frequency.

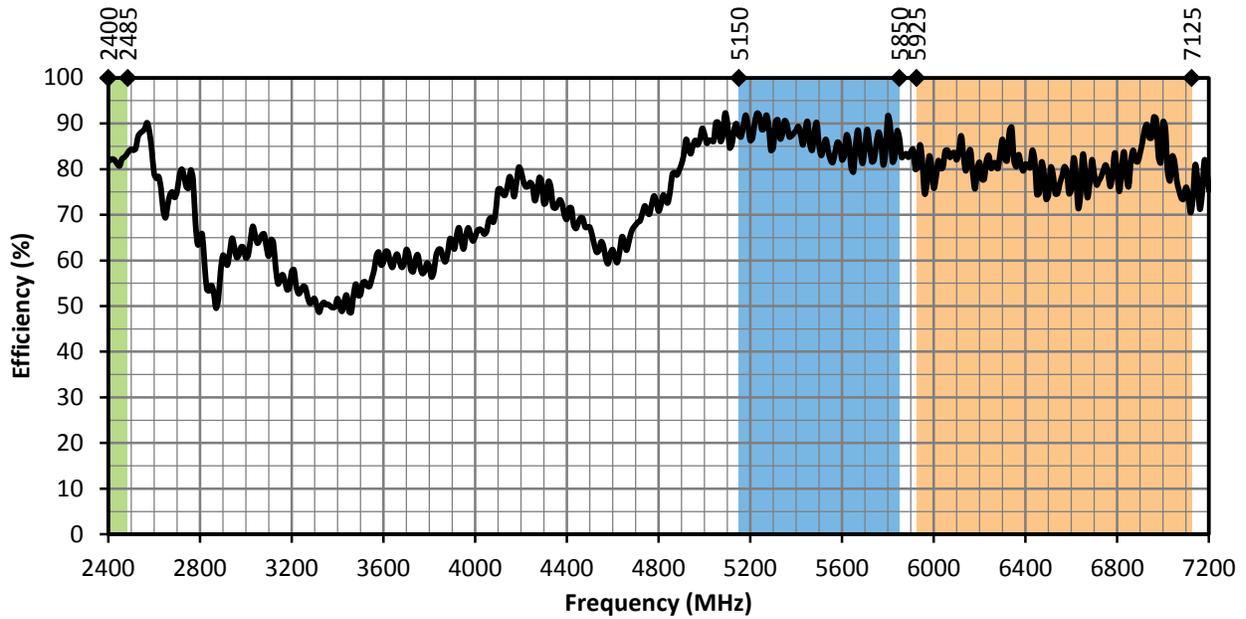


Figure 8. ANT-W63WS2-ccc Antenna Efficiency, Straight

RADIATION PATTERNS

Radiation patterns provide information about the directionality and 3-dimensional gain performance of the antenna by plotting gain at specific frequencies in three orthogonal planes. Antenna radiation patterns for a straight orientation are shown in Figure 9 using polar plots covering 360 degrees. The antenna graphic at the top of the page provides reference to the plane of the column of plots below it. Note: when viewed with typical PDF viewing software, zooming into radiation patterns is possible to reveal fine detail.

RADIATION PATTERNS - STRAIGHT



XZ-Plane Gain

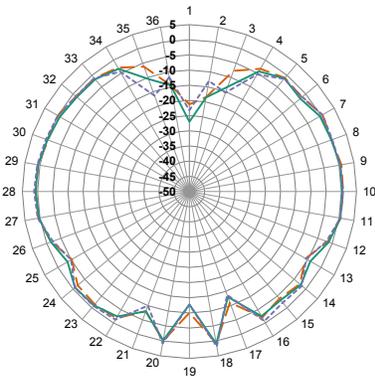


YZ-Plane Gain

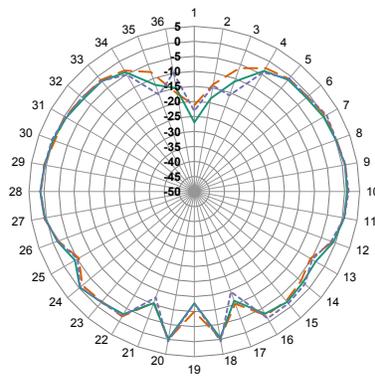


XY-Plane Gain

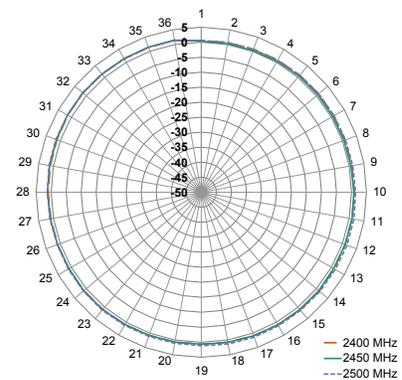
2400 MHz TO 2485 MHz (2450 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain

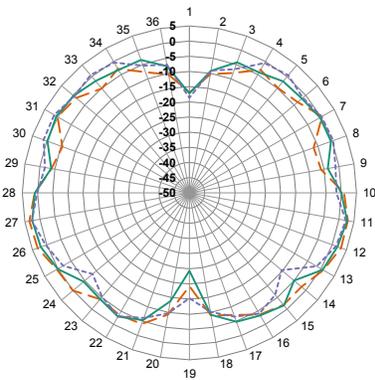


YZ-Plane Gain

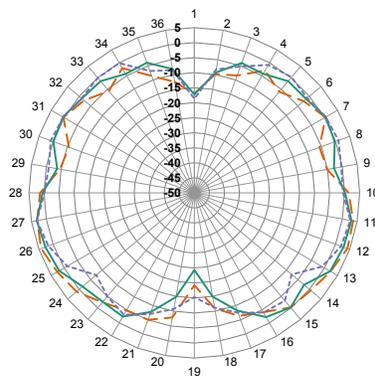


XY-Plane Gain

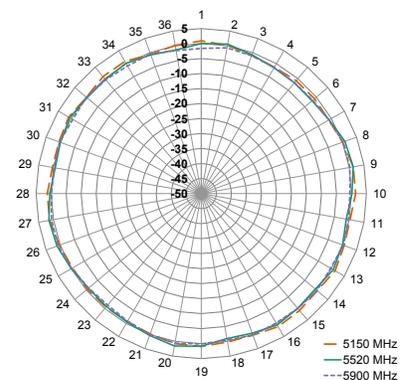
5150 MHz TO 5850 MHz (5500 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain



YZ-Plane Gain



XY-Plane Gain

5925 MHz TO 7125 MHz (6500 MHz)

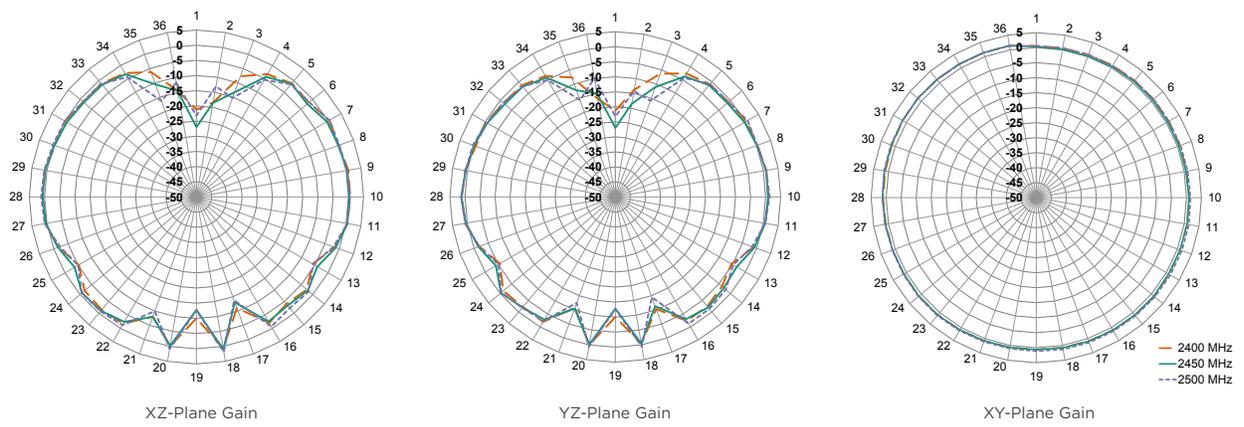


Figure 9. Radiation Patterns for ANT-W63WS2-ccc, Straight

EDGE OF GROUND PLANE, BENT 90 DEGREES

The charts on the following pages represent data taken with the antenna oriented at the edge of the ground plane, bent 90 degrees (Edge-Bent), as shown in Figure 10.



Figure 10. ANT-W63WS2-ccc on Edge of Ground Plane, Bent 90 Degrees (Edge-Bent)

VSWR

Figure 11 provides the voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR) across the antenna bandwidth. VSWR describes the power reflected from the antenna back to the radio. A lower VSWR value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency. Reflected power is also shown on the right-side vertical axis as a gauge of the percentage of transmitter power reflected back from the antenna.

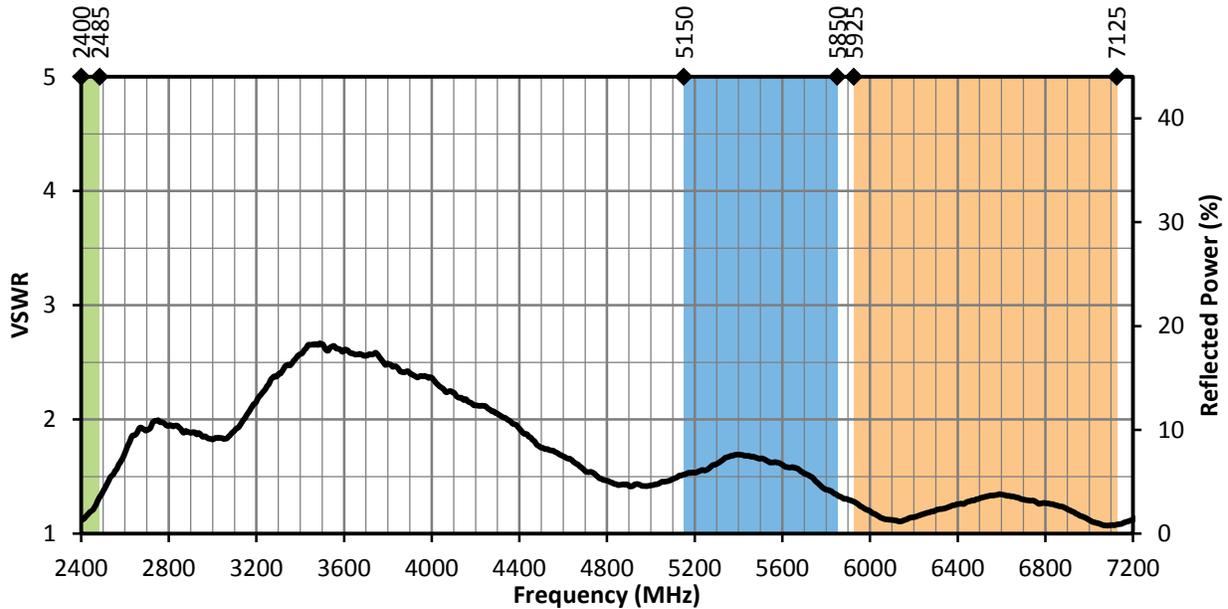


Figure 11. ANT-W63WS2-ccc VSWR, Edge-Bent

RETURN LOSS

Return loss (Figure 12), represents the loss in power at the antenna due to reflected signals. Like VSWR, a lower return loss value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency.

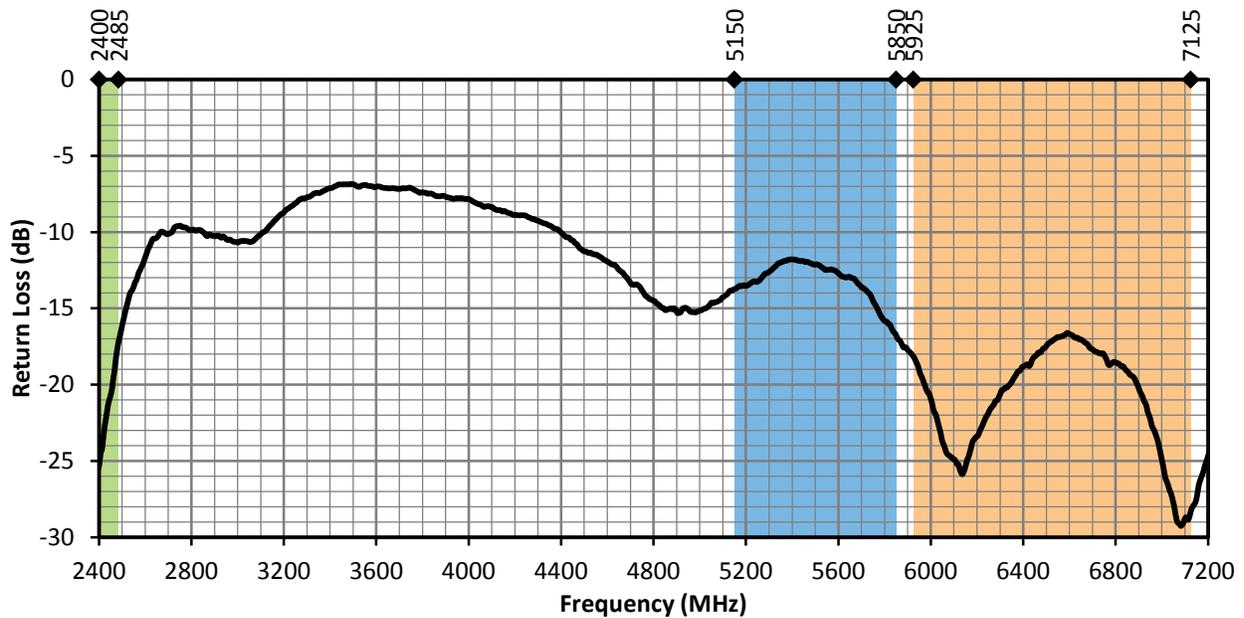


Figure 12 ANT-W63WS2-ccc Return Loss, Edge-Bent

PEAK GAIN

The peak gain across the antenna bandwidth is shown in Figure 13. Peak gain represents the maximum antenna input power concentration across 3-dimensional space, and therefore peak performance at a given frequency, but does not consider any directionality in the gain pattern.

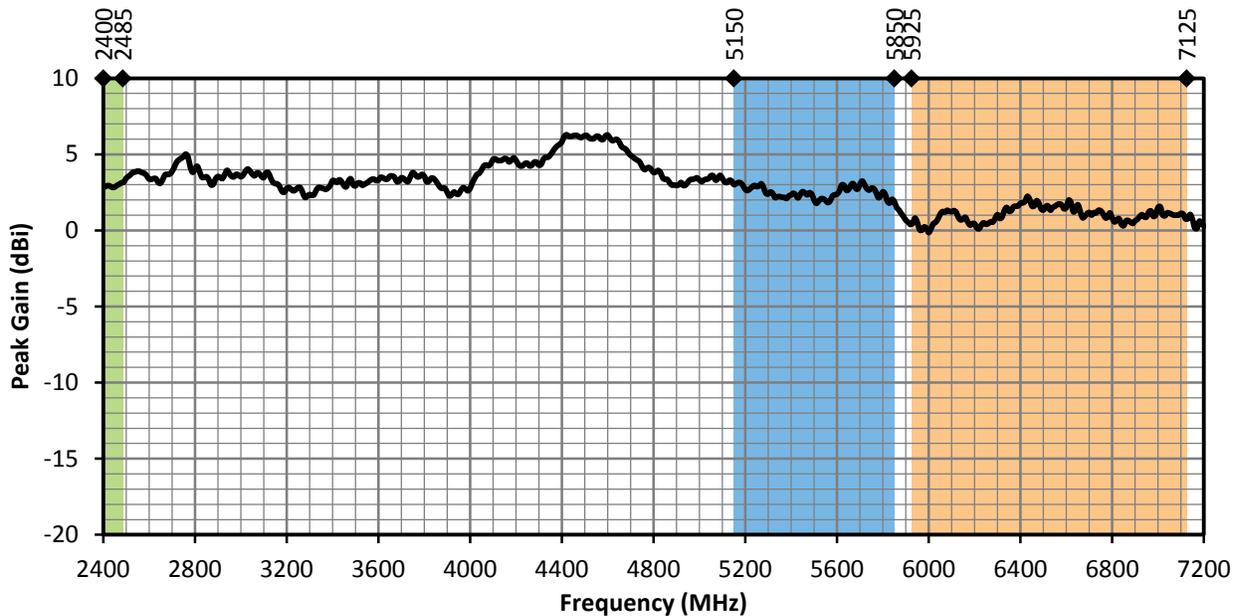


Figure 13. ANT-W63WS2-ccc Peak Gain, Edge-Bent

AVERAGE GAIN

Average gain (Figure 14), is the average of all antenna gain in 3-dimensional space at each frequency, providing an indication of overall performance without expressing antenna directionality.

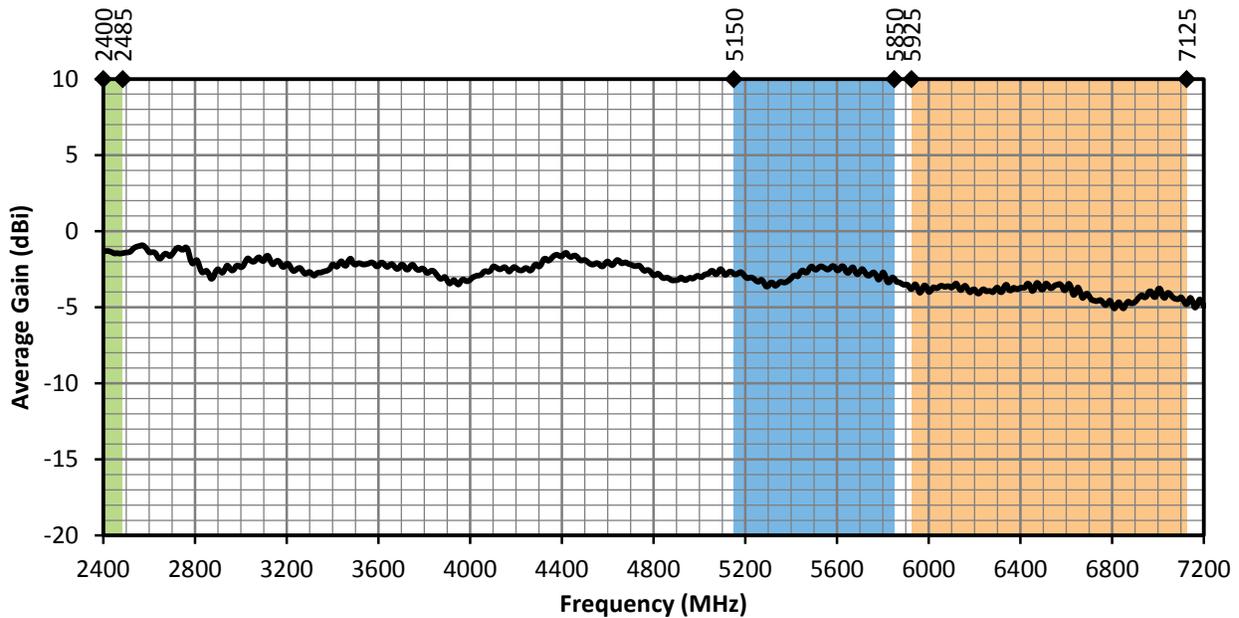


Figure 14. ANT-W63WS2-ccc Antenna Average Gain, Edge-Bent

RADIATION EFFICIENCY

Radiation efficiency (Figure 15), shows the ratio of power delivered to the antenna relative to the power radiated at the antenna, expressed as a percentage, where a higher percentage indicates better performance at a given frequency.

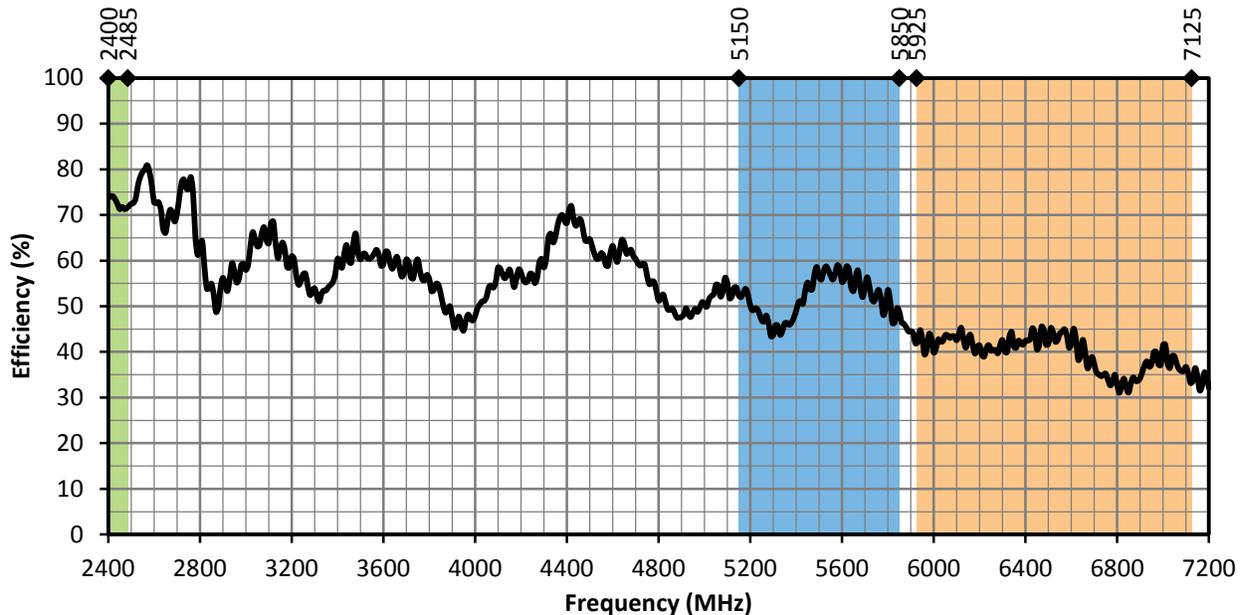
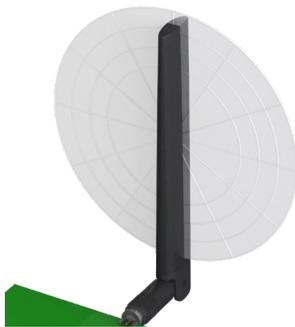


Figure 15. ANT-W63WS2-ccc Antenna Efficiency, Edge-Bent

RADIATION PATTERNS

Radiation patterns provide information about the directionality and 3-dimensional gain performance of the antenna by plotting gain at specific frequencies in three orthogonal planes. Antenna radiation patterns for an Edge-Bent orientation are shown in Figure 16 using polar plots covering 360 degrees. The antenna graphic at the top of the page provides reference to the plane of the column of plots below it. Note: when viewed with typical PDF viewing software, zooming into radiation patterns is possible to reveal fine detail.

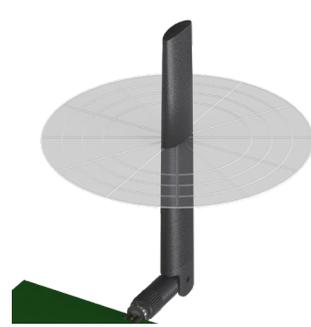
RADIATION PATTERNS - EDGE-BENT



XZ-Plane Gain

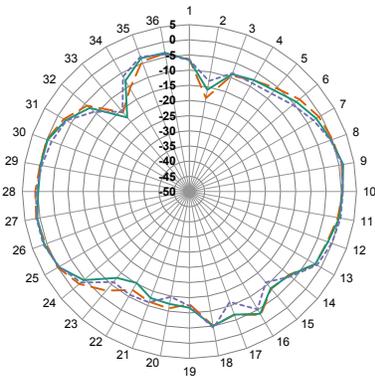


YZ-Plane Gain

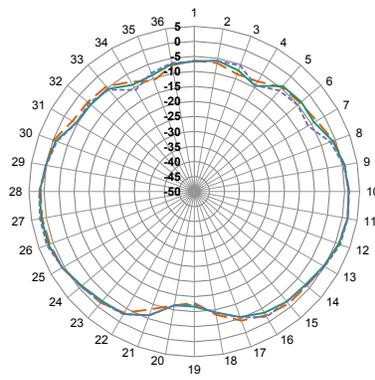


XY-Plane Gain

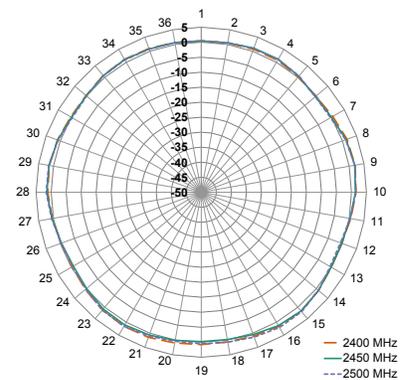
2400 MHz TO 2500 MHz (2450 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain



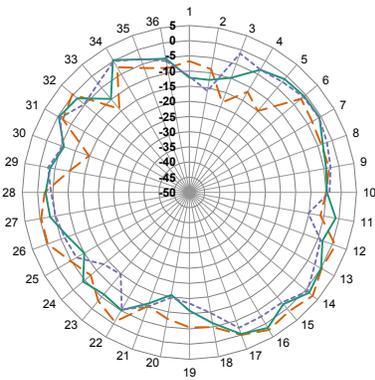
YZ-Plane Gain



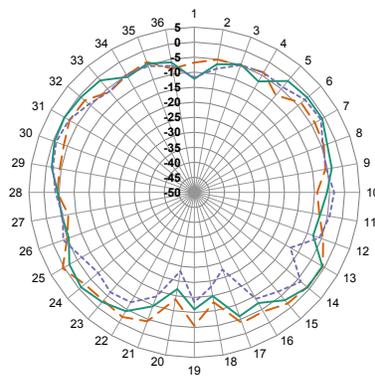
XY-Plane Gain

— 2400 MHz
— 2450 MHz
- - 2500 MHz

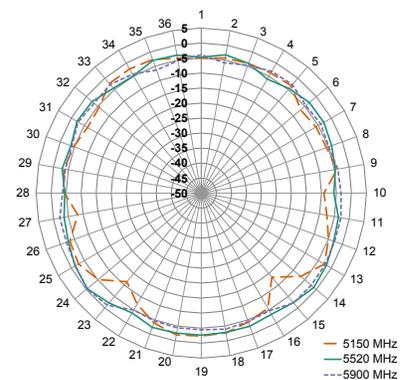
5150 MHz TO 5850 MHz (5500 MHz)



XZ-Plane Gain



YZ-Plane Gain



XY-Plane Gain

— 5150 MHz
— 5500 MHz
- - 5850 MHz

5925 MHz TO 7125 MHz (6500 MHz)

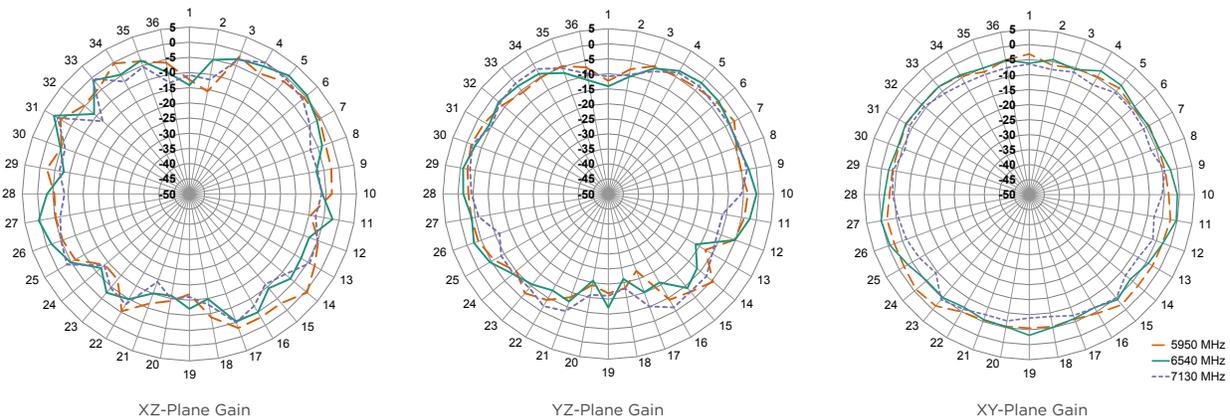


Figure 9. Radiation Patterns for ANT-W63WS2-ccc, Edge-Bent

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