

Raychem

Specification RT-1316
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# THERMOFIT® POLYOLEFIN MOLDED COMPONENTS Flame-Resistant, Flexible, Heat-Shrinkable

#### 1. SCOPE

This specification covers the requirements of one type of flexible, electrical insulating molded component whose diameter will reduce to a predetermined size upon the application of heat in excess of  $100^{\circ}$ C ( $212^{\circ}F$ ).

#### 2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

This specification takes precedence over documents referenced herein. Unless otherwise specified, the latest issue of referenced documents applies. The following documents form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein.

#### 2.1 GOVERNMENT-FURNISHED DOCUMENTS

<u>Military</u>	
MIL-G-5572	Gasoline, Aviation, Grades 80/87, 100/130, 115/145
MIL-H-5606	Hydraulic Fluid, Petroleum Base, Aircraft, Missile and Ordnance
MIL-T-5624	Turbine Fuel, Aviation, Grades JP-4 and JP-5
MIL-L-7808	Lubricating Oil, Aircraft Turbine Engine, Synthetic Base
MIL-STD-105	Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes

# 2.2 OTHER PUBLICATIONS

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)				
ASTM D 149	Standard Methods of Test for Dielectric Breakdown Voltage and Dielectric Strength of			
	Electrical Insulating Materials at Commercial Power Frequencies			
ASTM D 257	Standard Methods of Test for D-C Resistance or Conductance of Insulating Materials			
<b>ASTM D 412</b>	Standard Method of Test for Rubber Properties in Tension			
<b>ASTM D 570</b>	Standard Methods of Test for Water Absorption of Plastics			

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ASTM D 635	Standard Methods of Test for Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of Burning of
	Self-Supporting Plastics in a Horizontal Position
ASTM D 747	Standard Methods of Test for Stiffness of Plastics by Means of a Cantilever Beam
<b>ASTM D 792</b>	Standard Methods of Test for Specific Gravity and Density of Plastics by Displacement
ASTM D 2240	Standard Methods of Tests for Rubber Property-Durometer Hardness
ASTM D 2671	Standard Methods of Testing Heat-Shrinkable Tubing for Electrical Use
ASTM G 21	Recommended Practice for Determining Resistance of Synthetic Polymeric Materials to
	Fungi

(Copies of ASTM publications may be obtained from the American Society for Testing and Materials, 1916 Race, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103.)

#### 3. REQUIREMENTS

#### 3.1 MATERIAL

The molded components shall be fabricated from a crosslinked, thermally stabilized, flame-resistant, modified polyolefin composition. They shall be homogeneous and essentially free from flaws, defects, pinholes, bubbles, seams, cracks and inclusions.

#### 3.2 COLOR

The molded components shall be black.

#### 3.3 PROPERTIES

The molded components and the material from which they are fabricated shall meet the requirements of Table 1.

#### 4. QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

#### 4.1 CLASSIFICATION OF TESTS

# 4.1.1 Qualification Tests

Qualification tests are those performed on molded slabs and components submitted for qualification as satisfactory products and shall consist of all tests listed in this specification.

#### 4.1.2 <u>Acceptance Tests</u>

Acceptance tests are those performed on molded components submitted for acceptance under contract. Acceptance tests shall consist of the following: dimensions, dimensional recovery, tensile strength, ultimate elongation, heat shock and flammability.

#### 4.2 SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

#### 4.2.1 Qualification Test Samples

Qualification test samples shall consist of six molded slabs,  $6 \times 6 \times 0.075 \pm 0.010$  inches (152 x 152 x 1.9 ± .25 mm), and the number of molded components specified. The molded slabs shall be fabricated from the same lot of material and shall be subject to the same degree of crosslinking as the molded components.

## 4.2.2 <u>Acceptance Test Samples</u>

Acceptance test samples shall consist of specimens cut from a molded slab  $6 \times 6 \times 0.075 \pm 0.010$  inches ( $152 \times 152 \times 1.9 \pm .25 \text{ mm}$ ), and molded components selected at random in accordance with MIL-STD-105, Inspection Level S-2, AQL 6.5 percent. The molded slab shall be fabricated from the same lot of material and shall be subjected to the same degree of crosslinking as the molded components. A lot of components shall consist of all molded components from the same lot of material, from the same production run, and offered for inspection at the same time.

#### 4.3 TEST PROCEDURES

#### 4.3.1 <u>Dimensional Recovery</u>

Samples of molded components, as supplied, shall be measured for dimensions in accordance with ASTM D 2671. The samples then shall be conditioned for 10 minutes in a  $150 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C ( $302 \pm 4^{\circ}F$ ) oven, or equivalent, cooled to room temperature, and remeasured.

#### 4.3.2 Elastic Memory

A 6 x 1/8-inch (152 x 3.2-mm) specimen cut from a molded slab shall be marked with two parallel gage lines 1 inch (25 mm) apart in the central portion of the specimen. The distance between gage lines shall be recorded as the original length. A 2-inch (5l-mm) portion of the specimen including both gage lines then shall be heated for 1 minute in a  $150 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C (302  $\pm 4^{\circ}$ F) oven, or equivalent, removed from the oven, and stretched within 10 seconds, until the gage lines are 4 inches (102 mm) apart. The extended specimen shall be cooled to room temperature and released from tension. After 24 hours at room temperature, the distance between the gage lines shall be measured and recorded as the extended length. The portion of the specimen including both gage lines then shall be reheated for 1 minute in a  $150 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C (302  $\pm 4^{\circ}$ F) oven, or equivalent, and the distance between gage lines then shall be measured and recorded as the retracted length. Expansion and retraction shall be calculated as follows:

$$E = \frac{L_e - L_O}{L_O} \times 100$$

$$R \, = \, \frac{L_e \, - \, L_r}{L_e \, - \, L_O} \ \, x \ \, 100$$

Where: E = Expansion (percent) R = Retraction (percent)

> $L_{O}$  = Original Length [inches (mm)]  $L_{e}$  = Extended Length [inches (mm)]  $L_{r}$  = Retracted Length [inches (mm)]

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# 4.3.3 <u>Tensile Strength and Ultimate Elongation</u>

Three specimens cut from a molded slab using Die D of ASTM D 412 shall be tested for tensile strength and ultimate elongation in accordance with ASTM D 412.

# 4.3.4 <u>Low Temperature Flexibility</u>

Three 6 x 1/4-inch (152 x 6.3-mm) specimens cut from a molded slab shall be conditioned, along with a 1-1/8-inch (28.5-mm) mandrel, in a cold chamber at  $-55 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C ( $-67 \pm 4^{\circ}$ F) for 4 hours. After completion of the conditioning, and while still in the cold chamber, each specimen shall be bent around the mandrel through not less than 360 degrees (6.28 rads) within  $10 \pm 2$  seconds. The specimens then shall be visually examined for cracks.

#### 4.3.5 Heat Shock

Three 6 x 1/4-inch  $(152 \times 6.3$ -mm) specimens cut from a molded slab shall be conditioned for 4 hours in a  $250 \pm 5$  °C  $(482 \pm 9$  °F) mechanical convection oven with an air velocity of between 100 and 200 feet per minute (0.5 and 1 m/s) past the specimens. After conditioning, the specimens shall be removed from the oven, cooled to room temperature, and bent through 360 degrees (6.38 rads) over a 3/8-inch (9.5-mm) diameter mandrel. The specimens then shall be visually examined for evidence of dripping, flowing or cracking.

#### 4.3.6 Heat Aging

Three specimens prepared and measured in accordance with 4.3.3 shall be conditioned for 168 hours in a  $175 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $347 \pm 9^{\circ}F$ ) mechanical convection oven in which air passes the specimens at a velocity of 100 to 200 feet per minute (0.5 and 1 m/s). After conditioning, the specimens shall be removed from the oven, cooled to room temperature, and tested for tensile strength and ultimate elongation in accordance with 4.3.3.

#### 4.3.7 Corrosive Effect

Three 1 x 1/4-inch (25.4 x 6.3-mm) specimens cut from a molded slab shall be tested for corrosive effect in accordance with ASTM D 267l, Procedure A. The specimens shall be conditioned for 16 hours at  $175 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C ( $347 \pm 5^{\circ}F$ ).

#### 4.3.8 Fluid Resistance

Three specimens prepared and measured in accordance with 4.3.3 shall be completely immersed in each of the fluids listed in Table 1 for 24 hours at  $25 \pm 3^{\circ}C$  ( $77 \pm 5^{\circ}F$ ). The volume of the fluid shall be not less than 20 times that of the specimens. After conditioning, the specimens shall be lightly wiped and then air-dried for 30 to 60 minutes at room temperature. The specimens then shall be tested for tensile strength and ultimate elongation in accordance with 4.3.3.

#### 4.4 REJECTION AND RETEST

Failure of any sample to comply with any one of the requirements of this specification shall be cause for rejection of the lot represented. Material which has been rejected may be replaced or reworked to correct the defect and then resubmitted for acceptance. Before resubmitting, full particulars concerning the rejection and the action taken to correct the defect shall be furnished to the inspector.

#### 5. PREPARATION FOR DELIVERY

#### 5.1 PACKAGING

The molded components shall be packaged in accordance with good commercial practice. The exterior shipping container shall be not less than 125 pound test fiberboard.

#### 5.2 MARKING

Each molded component shall be distinctly identified with the manufacturer's name or symbol and the manufacturer's part number.

# TABLE 1 REQUIREMENTS

PROPERTY	UNIT	REQUIREMENTS	TEST METHOD
PHYSICAL			
Dimensions	Inches (mm)	In accordance with specification	Section 4.3.1
		control drawing	ASTM D 2671
Dimensional Recovery	Inches (mm)	In accordance with specification	Section 4.3.1
·	, , ,	control drawing	ASTM D 2671
Elastic Memory	Percent	275 expansion minimum	Section 4.3.2
•		93 retraction minimum	
Tensile Strength	psi (MPa)	1500 minimum (10.3)	Section 4.3.3
Ultimate Elongation	Percent	250 minimum	ASTM D 412
Stiffness	psi (MPa)	12,000 max. (82.7)	ASTM D 747
Specific Gravity		1.40 max.	ASTM D 792
Hardness	Shore D	$40 \pm 10$	ASTM D 2240
Low Temperature Flexibility	Shore B	No cracking	Section 4.3.4
4 hours at -55°C (-67°F)		No cracking	Section 4.5.4
Heat Shock		No dripping, flowing or cracking	Section 4.3.5
4 hours at 250°C (482°F)	_ <del></del>	No dripping, flowing of cracking	Section 4.5.5
Heat Aging			Section 4.3.6
168 hours at 175°C (347°F)			Section 4.5.0
Followed by tests for:	(MD)	1000	Section 4.3.3
Tensile Strength	psi (MPa)	1000 minimum (6.9)	
Ultimate Elongation	Percent	200 minimum	Section 4.3.3
ELECTRICAL	Volts/mil	200 minimum (7.9)	ASTM D 149
Dielectric Strength	(kV/mm)		I
Volume Resistivity	ohm-cm	10 <sup>12</sup> minimum	ASTM D 257
CHEMICAL			
Corrosive Effect		Non-Corrosive	Section 4.3.7
16 hours at 175°C (347°F)			ASTM D 2671
			Procedure A
Flammability			
Average Time of Burning	Seconds	90 maximum	ASTM D 635
Average Extent of Burning	Inches (mm)	1 maximum (25.4)	
Fungus Resistance		Rating of 1 or less	ASTM G 21
Water Absorption	Percent	0.5 max.	ASTM D 570
24 hours at 25°C (77°F)			
Fluid Resistance			Section 4.3.8
24 hours at 25°C (77°F)			
JP-4 Fuel (MIL-T-5624)			
Skydrol* 500			
Hydraulic Fluid (MIL-H-5606)			
Aviation Gasoline (100/130)			
(MIL-G-5572)			
Lubricating Oil (MIL-L-7808)			
Water			
Followed by tests for:			
Tensile Strength	psi (MPa)	750 min. (5.2)	Section 4.3.3
Ultimate Elongation	Percent	200 min.	<u> </u>

<sup>\*</sup>Trademark of Monsanto Company