



Electronics

CI&PP or Wire and Harnessing Products
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Specification: **RT-1313**

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Tyco Modified Fluoroelastomer Molded Components Flame Resistant, Flexible, Heat-Shrinkable

1.0 Scope

This specification covers the requirements for one type of flexible, electrical insulating molded component whose expanded dimensions will reduce to a predetermined size upon the application of heat in excess of 175°C (347°F).

2.0 Applicable Documents

This specification takes precedence over documents referenced herein. Unless otherwise specified, the latest issue of referenced documents applies. The following documents form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein.

2.1 Government-Furnished Documents

Federal

- | | |
|-----------|--|
| A-A-59133 | Commercial Item Description Cleaning Compound, High Pressure (Steam) Cleaner |
| A-A-52557 | Fuel Oil, Diesel, for Posts, Camps and Stations |

Military

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| MIL-DTL-83133 | Turbine Fuels, Aviation, Kerosene Types, Nato F-34 (JP-8), Nato F-35 and JP-8+100 |
| SAE-AMS-1424 | Anti-Icing and Deicing-Defrosting Fluid |
| MIL-PRF-46170 | Hydraulic Fluid, Rust Inhibited Fire Resistant, Synthetic Hydrocarbon Base |

2.2 Other Publications

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

- | | |
|--------|---|
| D 149 | Standard Methods of Tests for Dielectric Breakdown Voltage and Dielectric Strength of Electrical Insulating Materials at Commercial Power Frequencies |
| D 257 | Standard Methods of Test for D-C Resistance or Conductance of Insulating Materials |
| D 412 | Standard Method of Tests for Rubber Properties in Tension |
| D 570 | Standard Methods of Test for Water Absorption of Plastics |
| D 632 | Standard Specification for Sodium Chloride |
| D 635 | Standard Methods of Test for Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of Burning of Self- Supporting Plastics in a Horizontal Position |
| D 792 | Standard Methods of Test for Specific Gravity and Density of Plastics by Displacement |
| D 2240 | Standard Method of Tests for Rubber Property -- Durometer Hardness |

D 2671 Standard Methods of Testing Heat Shrinkable Tubing for Electrical Use
D 4814 Automotive Spark-Ignition Engine Fuel Std. Spec. for
G 21 Recommended Practice for Determining Resistance of Synthetic Polymeric
Materials to Fungi
ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes

(Copies of ASTM Publications may be obtained from the American Society for Testing and Materials, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103.)

3.0 Requirements

3.1 Material

The molded components shall be fabricated from a crosslinked, thermally stabilized, flame-resistant, modified fluoroelastomer. They shall be homogeneous and essentially free from flaws, defects, pinholes, bubbles, seams, cracks and inclusions.

3.2 Color

The molded components shall be black.

3.3 Properties

The molded components and the material from which they are fabricated shall meet the requirements of Table 1.

4.0 Quality Assurance Provisions

4.1 Classification Of Tests

4.1.1 Qualification Tests

Qualification tests are those performed on molded slabs and components submitted for qualification as satisfactory products and shall consist of all tests listed in this specification.

4.1.2 Acceptance Tests

Acceptance tests are those performed on molded slabs and components submitted for acceptance under contract. Acceptance tests shall consist of the following: dimensions, dimensional recovery, tensile strength, ultimate elongation, heat shock and flammability.

4.2 Sampling Instructions

4.2.1 Qualification Test Samples

Qualification test samples shall consist of six molded slabs, 6 x 6 x 0.075 ± 0.010 inches (152 x 152 x 1.9 ± .25 mm) and the number of molded components specified. The molded slabs shall be fabricated from the same lot of material and shall be subjected to the same degree of crosslinking as the molded components.

4.2.2 Acceptance Test Samples

Acceptance test samples shall consist of specimens cut from a molded slab $6 \times 6 \times 0.075 \pm 0.010$ inches ($152 \times 152 \times 1.9 \pm .25$ mm) and molded components selected at random in accordance with MIL-STD-105, inspection Level S-2, AQL 6.5 percent. The molded slab shall be fabricated from the same lot of material and shall be subjected to the same degree of crosslinking as the molded components. A lot of components shall consist of all molded components from the same lot of material, from the same production run and offered for inspection at the same time.

4.3 Test Procedures

4.3.1 Dimensional Recovery

Samples of molded components, as supplied, shall be measured for dimensions in accordance with ASTM D 2671. The samples then shall be conditioned for 10 minutes in a $200 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ ($392 \pm 9^\circ\text{F}$) oven or equivalent, cooled to room temperature and remeasured.

4.3.2 Elastic Memory

A $6 \times 1/8$ inch (152×3.2 mm) specimen cut from a molded slab shall be marked with two parallel gauge lines 1 inch (25 mm) apart in the central portion of the specimen. The distance between gauge lines shall be recorded as the original length. A 2 inch (51 mm) portion of the specimen including both gauge lines then shall be heated for 5 minutes in a $200 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ ($392 \pm 9^\circ\text{F}$) oven or equivalent, removed from the oven and stretched within 10 seconds, until the gauge lines are 4 inches (102 mm) apart. The extended specimen shall be cooled to room temperature and released from tension. After 24 hours at room temperature, the distance between the gauge lines shall be measured and recorded as the extended length. The portion of the specimen including both gauge lines then shall be reheated for 5 minutes in a $200 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ ($392 \pm 9^\circ\text{F}$) oven or equivalent and the distance between gauge lines then shall be measured and recorded as the retracted length.

Expansion and retraction shall be calculated as follows:

$$E = \frac{L_e - L_o}{L_o} \times 100$$

$$R = \frac{L_e - L_r}{L_e - L_o} \times 100$$

Where: E = Expansion (percent)
 R = Retraction (percent)
 L_o = Original Length [inches (mm)]
 L_e = Extended Length [inches (mm)]
 L_r = Retracted Length [inches (mm)]

4.3.3 Tensile Strength, Tensile Stress and Ultimate Elongation

Three specimens cut from a molded slab using Die D of ASTM D 412 shall be tested for tensile strength, tensile stress and ultimate elongation in accordance with ASTM D 412.

4.3.4 Low Temperature Flexibility

Three 6 x 1/4 inch (152 x 6.3 mm) specimens cut from a molded slab shall be conditioned, along with a 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) mandrel, in a cold chamber at $-65 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($-85 \pm 9^{\circ}\text{F}$) for 4 hours. After completion of the conditioning and while still in the cold chamber, each specimen shall be bent around the mandrel through not less than 360 degrees within 10 ± 2 seconds. The specimens then shall be visually examined for cracks.

4.3.5 Heat Shock

Three 6 x 1/4 inch (152 x 6.3 mm) specimens cut from a molded slab shall be conditioned for 4 hours in a $225 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($437 \pm 9^{\circ}\text{F}$) mechanical convection oven with an air velocity of from 100 to 200 feet (30 to 60 m) per minute past the specimens. After conditioning, the specimens shall be removed from the oven, cooled to room temperature and bent through 360 degrees over a 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) diameter mandrel. The specimens then shall be visually examined for evidence of dripping or cracking.

4.3.6 Heat Aging

Three specimens, prepared and measured in accordance with 4.3.3 shall be conditioned for 168 hours in a $150 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($302 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{F}$) mechanical convection oven with an air velocity of 100 to 200 feet (30 to 60 m) per minute past the specimens. After conditioning, the specimens shall be removed from the oven, cooled to room temperature, tested for tensile strength and ultimate elongation in accordance with 4.3.3.

4.3.7 Fluid Resistance

Six specimens prepared and measured in accordance with 4.3.3 shall be completely immersed in each of the test fluids listed in Table 1 for 24 hours at the temperature specified. The volume of the fluid shall be not less than 20 times that of the specimens. After conditioning, the specimens shall be lightly wiped and then air-dried for 45 ± 15 minutes at $23 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($73 \pm 4^{\circ}\text{F}$). The three specimens intended for the tensile strength and elongation tests shall then be tested for tensile strength and ultimate elongation in accordance with 4.3.3. The other three specimens shall be weighed before and after immersion and the weight change calculated as a percent.

4.4 Rejection And Retest

Failure of any sample to comply with any one of the requirements of this specification shall be cause for rejection of the lot represented. Material which has been rejected may be replaced or reworked to correct the defect and then resubmitted for acceptance. Before resubmitting, full particulars concerning the rejection and the action taken to correct the defect shall be furnished to the inspector.

5. Preparation For Delivery**5.1 Packaging**

Packaging of molded components shall be in accordance with good commercial practice. The shipping container shall be not less than 125 pound test fiberboard.

5.2 Marking

Each molded component shall be distinctly identified on the part and/or package with the manufacturer's name or symbol, the part number, batch number, date of manufacture and use before date.

TABLE 1
Requirements

PROPERTY	UNIT	REQUIREMENTS	TEST METHOD
PHYSICAL			
Dimensions	inches (<i>mm</i>)	In accordance with applicable specification control drawing	Section 4.3.1 ASTM D 2671
Dimensional Recovery	inches (<i>mm</i>)	In accordance with applicable specification control drawing	
Elastic Memory	Percent	200 minimum expansion; 90 minimum retraction	Section 4.3.2
Tensile Strength	psi (<i>MPa</i>)	2200 (15.2) minimum	Section 4.3.3
Tensile Stress at 100% elongation	psi (<i>MPa</i>)	1200 (8.3) maximum	ASTM D 412
Ultimate Elongation	Percent	350 minimum	
Specific Gravity	---	1.5 maximum	ASTM D 792
Hardness	Shore A	85 ± 10	ASTM D 2240
Low Temperature Flexibility 4 hours at -65 ± 5°C (-85 ± 9°F)		No cracking	Section 4.3.4
Heat Shock 4 hours at 225 ± 5°C (437 ± 9°F)	---	No dripping, flowing or cracking	Section 4.3.5
Heat Aging 168 hours at 150 ± 3°C (302 ± 5°F) Followed by tests for:	---	---	Section 4.3.6
Tensile Strength	psi (<i>MPa</i>)	2000 (13.8) minimum	Section 4.3.3
Elongation	Percent	300 minimum	
ELECTRICAL			
Dielectric Strength	Volts/mil (<i>kV/mm</i>)	200 (7.9) minimum	ASTM D 149
Volume Resistivity	ohm-cm	10 ¹⁰ minimum	ASTM D 257
CHEMICAL			
Flammability			ASTM D 635
Average Time of Burning	Seconds	120 maximum	
Average Extent of Burning	inches (<i>mm</i>)	1.0 (25) maximum	
Fungus Resistance	---	Rating of 1 or less	ASTM G 21
Water Absorption 24 hours at 23°C (73°F)	Percent	1.0 maximum	ASTM D 570
Fluid Resistance 24 hours at 25 ± 3°C (77 ± 5°F) in: Cleaning Compound (A-A-59133) Gasoline Automotive (ASTM D 4814) JP-8 Fuel (MIL-DTL-83133) Water Followed by tests for:	---	---	Section 4.3.7
Tensile Strength	psi (<i>MPa</i>)	1800 (12.4) minimum	Section 4.3.3
Ultimate Elongation	percent	300 minimum	
Weight Increase	percent	20 maximum	Section 4.3.7

TABLE 1
Requirements

CHEMICAL (Continued)	---	---	Section 4.3.7
Fluid Resistance			
24 hours at $50 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($122 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{F}$) in:			
Deicing Fluid (SAE-AMS-1424)			
Hydraulic Fluid (MIL-PRF-46170)			
Diesel Fuel (A-A-52557)			
5% Salt Solution (ASTM D 632)			
Followed by tests for:			
Tensile Strength	psi (MPa)	1800 (12.4) minimum	Section 4.3.3
Ultimate Elongation	percent	300 minimum	
Weight Increase	percent	10 maximum	Section 4.3.7
Fluid Resistance	---	---	Section 4.3.7
24 hours at $100 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($212 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{F}$) in:			
Hydraulic Fluid (MIL-PRF-46170)			
Followed by tests for:			
Tensile Strength	psi (MPa)	1800 (12.4) minimum	Section 4.3.3
Ultimate Elongation	percent	300 minimum	
Weight Increase	percent	10 maximum	Section 4.3.7