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SSI SERIES AMPLIFIED STAINLESS STEEL PRESSURE SENSORS

The SSI pressure sensors perform precision digital signal conditioning and provide analogue and digital output at the same time. The sensors are calibrated, temperature compensated and linearized and achieve very high total accuracies. The stainless steel construction allows for high media compatibility with corrosive liquids and gases. Available packaging options include diaphragm versions with weld ring or housings with G 1/8 and 1/4 NPT threaded pressure ports. All SSI pressure sensors can be modified according to customer specific requirements.

Features

- 200 mbar to 35 bar, 3 to 500 Psi absolute, gage or vacuum pressure (custom pressure ranges on request)
- Amplified analog output and I²C bus interface (SPI on request)
- Precision ASIC signal conditioning
- Calibrated and temperature compensated
- Rugged stainless-steel isolated package
- RoHS compliant
- Quality Management System according

Applications

- Industrial measurement
- Industrial control
- Medical devices
- Medical instrumentation

Certificates

- Quality Management System according to EN ISO 13485 and EN ISO 9001
- · RoHS and REACH compliant

Media compatibility

Wetted materials: Stainless steel 316/316 L

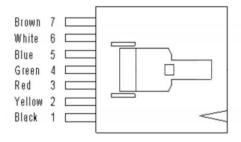
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Specifications

Maximum ratings

Supply voltage V _S	4.5 V to 5.5 V _{DC}	max. 6.50 V _{DC}			
	Compensated	-20 to +85°C			
Temperature ranges	Storage	-40 to +120 °C			
	Operating	-40 to +120 °C			
Insulation resistance	100 MΩ at 100 V _{DC}	100 MΩ at 100 V _{DC}			
Proof pressure (1)	2 x rated pressure	2 x rated pressure			
Burst pressure (2)	4 x rated pressure				

Electrical connection



Pin	Connection			
1	+Vs			
2	GND			
3	Vout			
4	I/C*			
5	SCL			
6	SDA			
7	I/C*			

^{*}internal connection.

Do not connect for any reason.

Specification notes

- (1) Proof pressure is the maximum pressure which may be applied without causing durable shifts of the electrical parameters of the sensing element.
- (2) Burst pressure is the maximum pressure which may be applied without causing damage to the sensing element or leaks to the housing.

Performance characteristics

(Vs = 5.0 Vpc, T_A = 25°C, analog output signal is ratiometric to Vs, digital output signal is not ratiometric to Vs)

Characteristics	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Total accuracy (-20 to 85 °C) ³			±1.5	%FSS	
Response delay ^{4,5}		2		ms	
A/D resolution⁵		13		bit	
D/A resolution			11	DIL	
Current consumption ⁶		5		mA	
ANALOG PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTIC					
Output at min. specified pressure	0.44	0.55	0.56		
Full scale span (FSS) ⁷		4.00		V	
Full scale output	4.44	4.50	4.56		
DIGITAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTIC	·	·			
Output at min. specified pressure	2883	3277	3670		
Full scale span (FSS) ⁷		26214		counts	
Full scale output	29097	29490	29883		

Specification notes (cont.)

- (3) Total accuracy is the combined error from offset and span calibration, linearity, pressure hysteresis, and temperature effects. Linearity is the measured deviation based on a straight line. Hysteresis is the maximum output difference at any point within the operating pressure range for increasing and decreasing pressure. Calibration errors include the deviation of offset and full scale from nominal values.
- (4) Max. delay time between pressure change at the pressure die and signal change at the output.
- (5) The response time depends on the adjusted internal A/D resolution of the sensor. For 13 bit it is typ. 2 ms. Other A/D resolutions and response time are available on request. Please contact TE Connectivity for further information.
- (6) Sensors with lower current consumption are available on request. Please contact TE Connectivity for further information.
- (7) Full Scale Span (FSS) is the algebraic difference between the output signal for the highest and lowest specified pressure.

I²C BUS

Introduction

The sensor is capable to generate a digital output signal. The device runs a cyclic program, which will store a corrected pressure value with 13-bit resolution about every 500 µs within the output registers of the internal ASIC. In order to use the sensor for digital signal readout, it should be connected to a bidirectional I²C-bus.

According to the I²C-bus specification, the bus is controlled by a master device, which generates the clock signal, controls the bus access and generates START and STOP conditions. The sensor is designed to work as a slave, hence it will only respond to requests from a master device.

Digital I²C interface

The sensor complies with the following protocol (Fig. 1):

Bus not busy: During idle periods both data line (SDA) and clock line (SCL) remain HIGH.

START condition (S): HIGH to LOW transition of SDA line while clock (SCL) is HIGH is interpreted as START condition. START conditions are always generated by the master. Each initial request for a pressure value has to begin with a START condition.

STOP condition (P): LOW to HIGH transition of SDA line while clock (SCL) is HIGH determines STOP condition. STOP conditions are always generated by the master. More than one request for the current pressure value can be transmitted without generation of intermediate STOP condition.

DATA valid (D): State of data line represents valid data when, after START condition, data line is stable for duration of HIGH period of clock signal. Data on line must be changed during LOW period of clock signal. There is one clock pulse per bit of data

Acknowledge (A): Data is transferred in pieces of 8 bits (1 byte) on serial bus, MSB first. After each byte receiving device — whether master or slave — is obliged to pull data line LOW as acknowledge for reception of data. Master must generate an extra clock pulse for this purpose. When acknowledge is missed, slave transmitter becomes inactive. It is on master either to send last com- mand again or to generate STOP condition in that case.

Slave address: The I²C-bus master-slave concept requires a unique address for each device. The sensor has a preconfigured slave address (1111000xb). By factory programming it is possible to define a secondary slave address additional to the general one. According to I²C specification 127 different addresses are available. The sensor will then listen to both slave addresses. After generating a START condition the master sends the address byte containing a 7-bit address followed by a data direction bit (R/W). A "0" indicates a transmission from master to slave (WRITE), a "1" indicates a data request (READ).

DATA operation: The sensor starts to send 2 data bytes containing the current pressure value as a 15 bit information placed in the output registers.

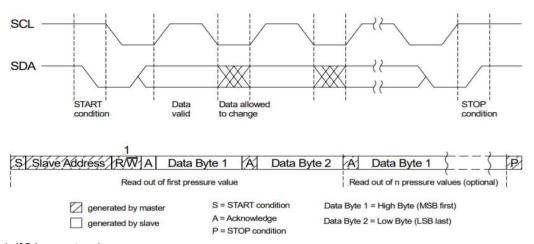


Fig. 1: I2C bus protocol

I²C Interface Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Input high level		90		100	
Input low level		0		10	— % of Vs
Output low level				10	/0 OI V3
Pull-up resistor		500			Ω
Load capacitance @ SDA	C _{SDA}			400	
Input capacitance @ SDA/SCL	C _{I2C IN}			10 pF	
SCL clock frequency	F _{SCL}	100*		400	kHz
Bus free time between STOP and START condition	t _{BUF}	1.3			
Hold time (repeated) START condition, to first clock pulse	t _{HD.STA}	0.8			
LOW period of SCL	t _{LOW}	1.3			
HIGH period of SCL	t _{HIGH}	0.6			
Setup time repeated START condition	t _{SU.STA}	1			μs
Data hold time	t _{HD.DAT}	0			•
Data setup time	T _{SU.DAT}	0.2			
Rise time of both SDA and SCL	t _R			0.3	
Fall time of both SDA and SCL	t _F			0.3	
Setup time for STOP condition	t _{su.sto}	0.6			
± 1 1			•	•	

^{*} recommended

Note: TE Connectivity recommends communication speeds of at least 100 kHz (max. 400 kHz). Please contact us for further information.

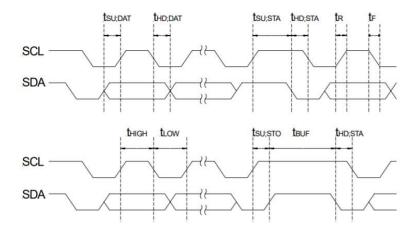
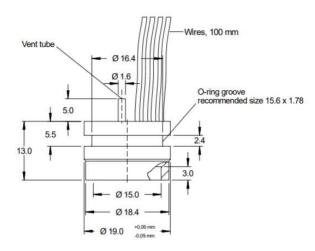


Fig. 2: Timing characteristics

Physical dimensions SSIxxx1 (weld ring)

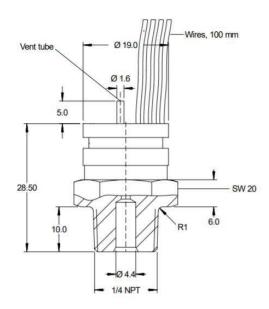


Do not touch diaphragm

mass: approx. 17 g dimensions in mm

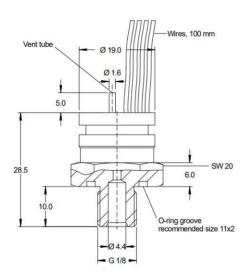
A clearance fit 19H8 with 20 ° phase is recommended for mounting.

Physical dimensions SSIxxx5 (1/4 " NPT)



mass: approx. 50 g dimensions in mm

SSIxxx9 (G 1/8 " HEX)

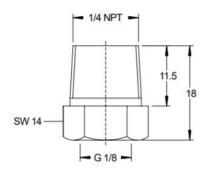


mass: approx. 35 g dimensions in mm

Optional pressure fitting

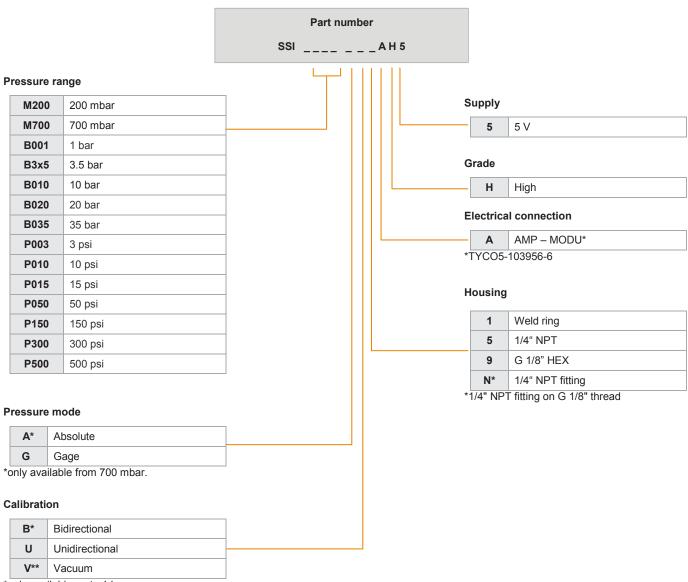
SSIxxxN

(1/4 " NPT fitting for G 1/8 " thread)



Other fittings are available on request. Please contact TE Connectivity.

Part numbering key



Example: SSIB001GU9AH5

^{*}only available up to 1 bar
** only available as SSIM200GVxxx (0 to -200 mbar)

Ordering information (standard configurations)

Description	TE Part Number	Pressure Range	Pressure Mode	Calibration	Housing	Supply
SSIB002GU9AH5	3004093-F	0 to 2 bar	gage	unidirectional	G 1/8" HEX	5V
SSIB001AU9AH5	3004089-F	0 to 1 bar	absolute	unidirectional	G 1/8" HEX	5V
SSIB3x5GU9AH5	3004107-F	0 to 3.5 bar	gage	unidirectional	G 1/8" HEX	5V
SSIB010GU9AH5	3004097-F	0 to 10 bar	gage	unidirectional	G 1/8" HEX	5V
SSIB020GU1AH5	3004972-F	0 to 20 bar	gage	unidirectional	Weld ring	5V

Note:

The above product listings are examples of possible product configurations. More standard product configurations are available on request.

In addition, custom specific pressure and temperature ranges as well as mechanical or electronic sensor modifications are widely available.

Please note, not all possible sensor configurations are active products. MOQ may apply.

Please contact your local sensors representative to learn more.

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